

Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of Substance & Company

**Product** 

Product name Mag & Wheel Cleaner

Product code ALMW HSNO approval HSR002530

 Approval description
 Cleaning Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020

UN number NA
DG class NA
Proper Shipping Name NA
Packaging group NA
Hazchem code NA

**Uses** Liquid cleaner for mags and wheels

## **Company Details**

**Company** Distributed by: Allied Petroleum Address PO Box 3120, Christchurch 8444

0800 383 566

Telephone Website www.alliedpetroleum.co.nz Manufactured by Fargo Group

**Emergency Telephone Number (24 hour) 0800 764 766** 

## 2. Hazard Identification

## **Approval**

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002530, Cleaning Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

## **GHS 7 Classes**

## **Hazard Statements**

Eye damage category 1 Aquatic chronic category 3 H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **SYMBOLS**

# **DANGER**



## **Other Classifications**

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.

## **Precautionary Statements**

**Prevention** P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use. P280 - Wear eye protection.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

**Response** P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

Storage No storage statements

**Disposal** P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.



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## 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Mono Butyl Glycol Ether	111-76-2	2-3%
Quaternary ammonium compound	61791-10-4	2.5-3.5%
ingredients not contributing to GHS classes including surfactants	mixture	balance

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

## 4. First Aid

## **General Information**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid

facilities

Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

**Exposure** 

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse

mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or

doctor/physician.

Skin contact

This product is non-irritating to skin. No further measures should be required.

Inhaled

Generally, inhalation of fumes/yapours/dusts is unlikely to result in adverse he

Generally, inhalation of fumes/vapours/dusts is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the

side) for transport and contact a doctor.

## **Advice to Doctor**

Treat symptomatically

## 5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards:

Suitable extinguishing

substances:

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

alcohol resistant foam. Unknown.

**Products of combustion:** Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water.

May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable.

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

**Protective equipment:** Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eye protection.

Hazchem code: NA

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

**Containment** If greater than 1000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage

any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to

storm water.

Emergency procedures In the event of a large spillage (>100L) alert the fire brigade to location and give brief

description of hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If

this occurs contact your regional council immediately).

clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or

waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

**Disposal** Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved



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landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

**Precautions** 

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children.

Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in

Section 10.

**Handling** Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye

contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

## 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

## **Workplace Exposure Standards**

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Ingredient WES-TWA WES-STEL 2-butoxyethanol 25ppm, 121mg/m³ (skin) -

## **Engineering Controls**

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

## **Personal Protective Equipment**

General

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate.

Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

Eyes



Protect eyes with goggles, safety glasses or full face mask. Avoid wearing contact lenses. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

Skin

Respiratory

Protective gloves and clothing are not normally necessary. However, it is prudent to wear gloves when handling chemicals in bulk or for an extended period of time. Respirator is not required under normal use. Ensure adequate natural ventilation. If product is being used in confined conditions, the use of a mask or respirator may be preferred.

## **WES Additional Information**

Not applicable

## 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

**Appearance** clear yellow liquid Odour none **Odour Threshold** no data 10.5 & 11.1 Freezing/melting point no data **Boiling Point** no data **Flashpoint** no data **Flammability** no data Upper & lower flammable limits no data Vapour pressure no data Vapour density no data Specific gravity/density ~1

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Solubility soluble in water

Partition coefficient no data **Auto-ignition temperature** no data **Decomposition temperature** no data Viscosity no data **Particle Characteristics** no data

#### 10. **Stability & Reactivity**

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme

heat and open flames.

Strong acids and oxidisers Incompatible groups

**Substance Specific** None known

Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition Oxides of carbon products

**Hazardous reactions** None known

## **Toxicological Information**

## **Summary**

IF SWALLOWED: may irritate the gastrointestinal tract with vomiting and diarrhoea.

IF IN EYES: undiluted mixture may cause permanent eye damage.

IF ON SKIN: no effects known. IF INHALED: no effects known.

## **Supporting Data**

Acute Oral Using LD<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture is

>2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: 2-butoxyethanol 1414mg/kg (guinea pig). **Dermal** Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the mixture is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: 2-butoxyethanol >2000mg/kg (guinea pig).

Inhaled Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the

mixture is >5mg/L/4h. Data considered includes: 2-butoxyethanol 2.174 mg/L (rat, mist).

The mixture is considered to be corrosive to the eye, because some of the ingredients Eye

(Cocoalkylmethyl[polyoxyethylene] ammonium chloride) present at >3% are considered

eye corrosives.

Skin The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant.

Chronic Sensitisation No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.

> Mutagenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen. Carcinogenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen. Reproductive / No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation. Developmental

**Systemic** No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant.

Aggravation of None known.

existing conditions

#### **Ecological Data** 12.

## Summary

This mixture is not considered ecotoxic under GHS. In all cases prevent run-off of undiluted mixture to drains, sewers and waterways.

## **Supporting Data**

Using EC<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the calculated EC<sub>50</sub> for the mixture is > 100 mg/L. Data Aquatic

considered includes: surfactant 1.3mg/L (96hr, Bluegill Sunfish), 4.8mg/L (48hr, Water flea), not bioaccumulative, not biodegradable, Cocoalkylmethyl[polyoxyethylene]

ammonium chloride no data.

Bioaccumulation No data Degradability No data

Soil No evidence of soil toxicity.

Terrestrial vertebrate See acute toxicity.

Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

**Biocidal** no data

# **Allied**Petroleum

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## 13. Disposal Considerations

**Restrictions** There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal method Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

**Contaminated packaging** Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.

## 14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

UN number:NAProper shipping name:NAClass(es)NAPacking group:NAPrecautions:NAHazchem code:NA

**IMDG** 

UN number: NA Proper shipping name: Not regulated

Class(es) NA Packing group: NA Precautions: NA EmS NA

**IATA** 

UN number: NA Proper shipping name: Not regulated

Class(es) NA Packing group: NA Precautions: NA ERG Guide NA

## 15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002530, Cleaning Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC.

## **Specific Controls**

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances

that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been

supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Emergency plan Required if > 1000L is stored.

Certified handler Not required. Tracking Not required.

Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 1000L is stored. Signage Required if > 1000L is stored.

Location compliance certificate Not required. Flammable zone Not required. Fire extinguisher Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

## **Other Legislation**

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

# **Allied**Petroleum

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## 16. Other Information

## **Abbreviations**

Approval Code Approval HSR002530, Cleaning Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020

Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

**EC**<sub>50</sub> Ecotoxic Concentration 50% − concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

**EPA** Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

**GHS** Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7<sup>th</sup> revised

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

**HAZCHEM Code** Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

**LEL** Lower Explosive Limit

**LD**<sub>50</sub> Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

MSDS (SDS) Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

**STOT RE**System Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure
STOT SE
System Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UEL Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number United Nations Number

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: Suppliers SDS, EU ECHA, ingredients SDS's, ChemIDplus

Review

Date Reason for review

Not applicable – new SDS

New address, new logo, HSNO to GHS 7

## Disclaime

September 2025

This SDS is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological).